Amendments to the Claims:

This listing will replace all prior versions, and listing, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) A chiral compound represented by the following structure:

$$(X)_n$$
 B
 A
 C
 D
 $(X)_n$
 Rco
 O
 $(X)_n$

wherein A, B, C and D are the same and are independently-selected from the group consisting of methylene, oxygen, carbonyl, mono-substituted nitrogen (N-R), and disubstituted carbon (R₁-C-R₂), wherein R, R₁ and R₂ are independently hydrogen or a substituent and any two R, R₁ and R₂ groups on the same ring in said structure can optionally form a fused ring, the X groups are independently selected substituents, the n subscripts are independently 0, 1, 2, or 3, and the R_{CO} groups are independently aryl, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkaryl or heterocyclic, all either substituted or unsubstituted, and wherein any two X and/or R_{CO} groups can optionally form a fused ring and the two R_{CO} groups can optionally connect to form a bridge.

- 2. (canceled)
- 3. (currently amended) The compound of claim 1 wherein A, B, C and D are independently methylene or di-substituted carbon (R₁-C-R₂).
 - 4. (canceled)

- 5. (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein each X substituent is independently selected from the group consisting of oxygen-containing organic substituents and/or a carbon-containing substituents.
- 6. (currently amended) The compound of claim 5 wherein each X is independently selected from the group consisting of alkoxy, aryloxy, carboalkyl (O-C(=O)R), carboaryl (O-C(=O)Ar, in which Ar is an aryl group), carboalkoxy (O-C(=O)OR), carboaryloxy (O-C(=O)OAr, in which Ar is an aryl group), alkyl groups of about 1-20 carbons, cycloalkyl groups of about 1-20 carbons, aryl groups of about 6-20 carbons, alkaryl groups of about 6-20 carbons, carboalkoxy (C-C(=O)OR), carboaryloxy (C-C(=O)OAr, in which Ar is an aryl group), aryl or alkyl ketones (C-C(=O)R) or (C-C(=O)Ar, in which Ar is an aryl group), all either substituted or unsubstituted, or any two members of the X and Ro Rco groups on a ring may be joined to form a fused ring.
- 7. (previously presented) The compound of claim 1 having the following structure

$$(X)_n$$
 $(X)_n$
 $(X)_n$
 $(X)_n$

wherein each X is an independently selected substituent; each n is independently 0 to 3; and R_{CO} is as defined above.

8. (previously presented) The compound of claim 1 represented by the following structure:

$$R_{CO}$$
 R_{CO}
 R_{CO}

wherein W is a substituent or replaced by hydrogen and each R_{CO} is as defined above.

- 9. (previously presented) The compound of claim 8 wherein R_{CO} is a substituted or unsubstituted aryl.
- 10. (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein the compound is capable of polymerization.
- 11. (previously presented) A material composition comprising an enantiomerically excess of one enantiomer of the compound of claim 1.
- 12. (previously presented) A liquid crystalline composition comprising as a chiral dopant admixed with a liquid crystal material, an effective amount of one or more chiral compounds, or a polymerized form thereof, represented by the following structure:

$$(X)_n$$
 B
 C
 C
 $(X)_n$
 $(X)_n$

wherein A, B, C and D are independently selected from the group consisting of methylene, oxygen, carbonyl, mono-substituted nitrogen (N-R), and di-substituted

carbon (R₁-C-R₂), wherein R, R₁ and R₂ are independently hydrogen or a substituent and any two R, R₁ and R₂ groups on the same ring in said structure can optionally form a fused ring, the X groups are independently selected substituents, the n subscripts are independently 0, 1, 2, or 3, and the R₀ groups are independently a substituent capping each oxygen, and wherein any two X and/or R₀ groups can optionally form a fused ring and the two R₀ groups can optionally connect to form a bridge.

- 13. (original) The liquid crystalline composition of claim 12 further comprising a polymer binder in which domains of the liquid crystal are dispersed.
- 14. (original) The liquid crystalline composition of claim 12 wherein the liquid crystalline composition is STN, TN, chiral nematic, or ferroelectric.
- 15. (original) The liquid crystalline composition of claim 12 wherein the liquid crystalline composition is chiral nematic.
- 16. (original) A coated substrate comprising the liquid crystalline composition of claim 12.
- 17. (original) A display comprising the liquid crystalline composition of claim 12 wherein the composition is disposed between first and second electrodes.
- 18. (original) The display of claim 17 wherein the liquid crystalline composition is bistable and dispersed in the form of domains in a polymeric matrix.
- 19. (previously presented) A method of using an effective amount of a chiral compound of the structure of claim 11, or a polymerized form thereof, as a chiral dopant in liquid crystals comprising admixing the chiral compound with a

liquid crystal material to obtain a liquid crystalline composition and using the composition in a display, polarizer, color filter, non-absorptive color filter, liquid crystal pigment for decorative coatings or security markings, optical switch, optical information storage, or a diagnostic or medical composition.

20. (previously presented) The method of claim 19 wherein the liquid crystalline composition is used in a display in which the liquid crystalline composition is disposed between first and second electrodes in the display.